

Sweetwater Creek Stream Assessment

Study Area

Sweetwater Creek has a highly urbanized watershed with residential, industrial, and commercial land use. This creek is located in Hillsborough County where Tampa and Town 'n' Country meet. The upstream portion of the Sweetwater Creek is highly ditched with steep banks and little vegetation buffering the creek. As you move down the creek the creek becomes more natural with less sloping banks and more natural vegetation. As Sweetwater Creek passes under Memorial Highway the natural banks become sea walled and the creek becomes deeper until it forms into a channel.

The watershed for Sweetwater Creek has a LDI value of 7.2 from the urbanization in the surrounding areas. Sweetwater Creek flows into the northeast corner of Old Tampa Bay on the backwater side of the Courtney Campbell Causeway. Sweetwater creek is a highly urbanized system and has one of the highest buffer LDI values of the creeks selected at 6.7.



Figure 17. Overview of the Sweetwater Creek Study Area

Vegetation Survey

The Sweetwater Creek vegetation assessment encompassed 16 vegetation regions from the mouth in Old Tampa Bay to below SR 580 as shown in Figure 18. In these regions, 48 species of vegetation were identified. Regions 1 through 11 were dominated by mangroves (*Rhizophora mangle* and *Laguncularia racemosa*) with few other salt tolerant species present. The most upstream mangrove was *Laguncularia racemosa* in Region 16. The first occurrence of Leather Fern (*Acrostichum danaeifolium*) was in Region 11, becoming dominant in Region 14. Needle Rush (*Juncus roemerianus*) was first observed in Region 2 with the last occurrence in Region 16. Above Region 15 the vegetation communities are populated by many species indicative of dominating freshwater influence, predominantly Brazilian Pepper.

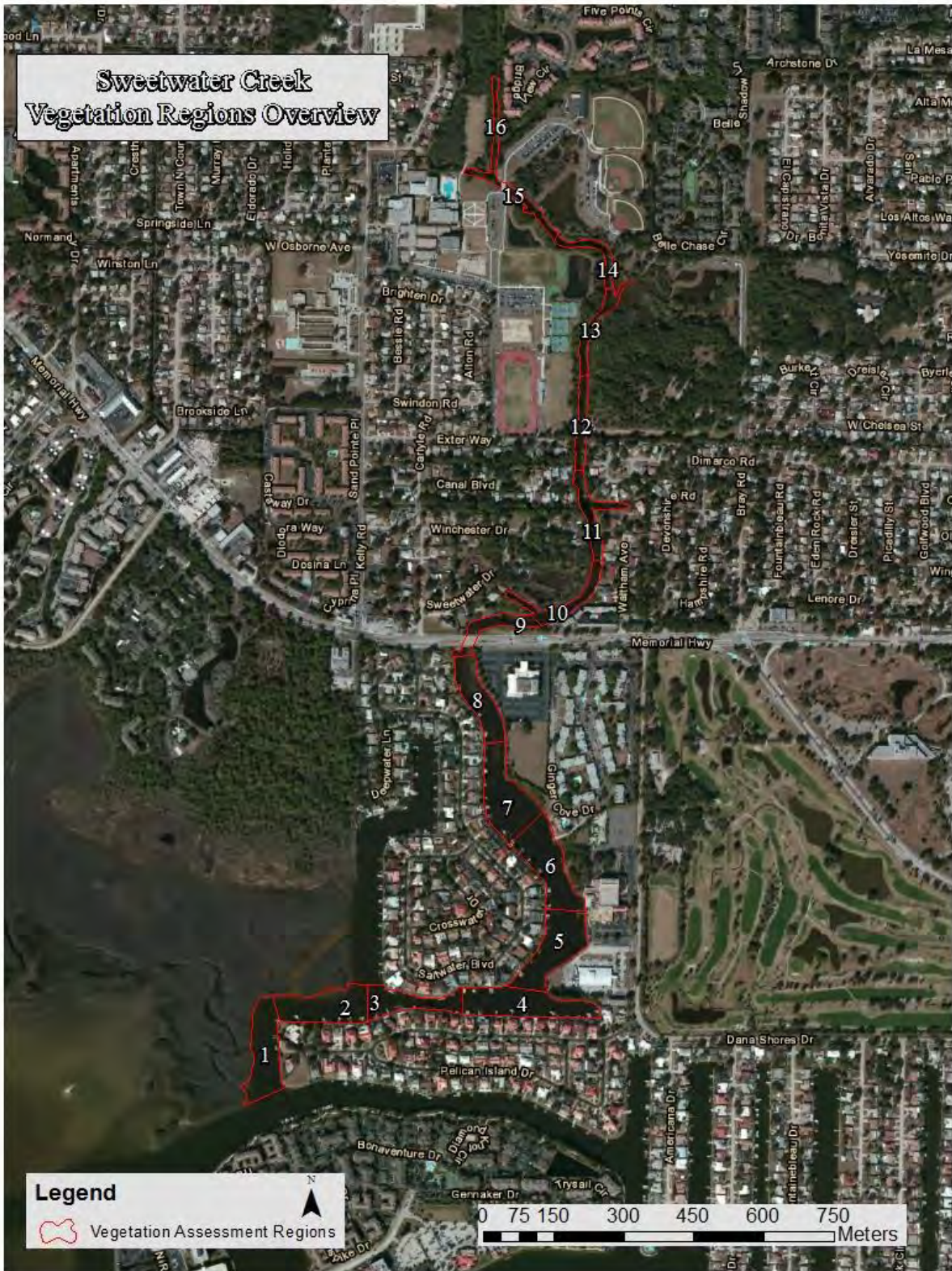


Figure 18. Overview of Sweetwater Creek Vegetation Assessment Regions

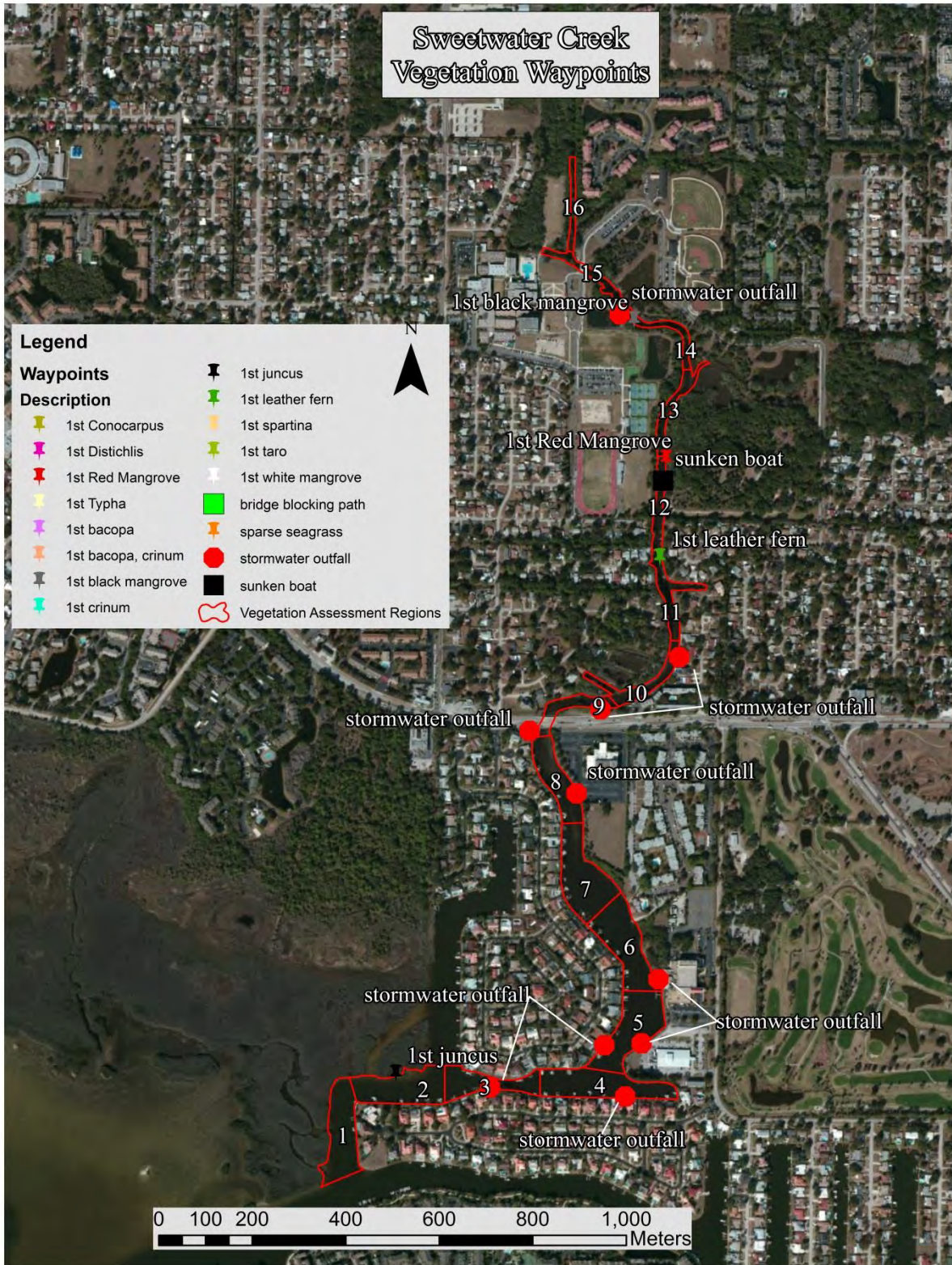


Figure 19. Sweetwater Creek Vegetation Waypoints

Figure 19 shows the vegetation transition zone of Sweetwater Creek indicating the most upstream Red Mangrove and Black Mangrove as well as the most downstream Leather Fern and *Juncus*. Based on the vegetation assessment data for Sweetwater Creek, regions 1 through 9 would comprise the highest salinity and tidal influence zone, regions 10 through 14 would comprise the “mixing” zone and regions 15 and 16 would comprise the freshwater dominant zone. The vegetation assessment species list is shown in Table 4.

Table 4. Sweetwater Creek Vegetation Assessment List

Plant Species	Common Name	Sample Region																Regions Found
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
<i>Laguncularia racemosa</i>	White Mangrove	C	C														1	15
<i>Schinus terebinthifolius</i>	Brazilian Pepper					1	1	1	C	1	C	C	D	C	C	C	C	12
<i>Avicennia germinans</i>	Black Mangrove	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1				11
<i>Rhizophora mangle</i>	Red Mangrove	C	C		1	C	C	C	C	C	1	1	1					11
<i>Juncus roemerianus</i>	Needle Rush, Black Rush		1				1		1	C	1	1	C	C	1	1		10
<i>Sabal palmetto</i>	Sabal Palm						1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
<i>Quercus laurifolia</i>	Laurel oak						1				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8
<i>Quercus geminata</i>	Sand Live Oak										1	1	1	1	1	C	C	7
<i>Vitis rotundifolia</i>	Muscadine Grape										1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
<i>Acrostichum danaeifolium</i>	Leather Fern										1	1	1	C	1	1		6
<i>Abrus precatorius</i>	Rosary Pea									1	1				1	1	1	5
<i>Bacopa monnieri</i>	Common Bacopa, Herb-Of-Grace											1	1	1	1	1	1	5
<i>Iva frutescens</i>	Marsh Elder					1				1		1		1	1	1		5
<i>Solidago sempervirens</i>	Goldenrod											1	1	1	1	1	1	5
<i>Callicarpa americana</i>	American Beauty Berry									1	1	1			1			4
<i>Conocarpus erecta</i>	Buttonwood					1	1					1	1					4
<i>Dioscorea bulbifera</i>	Air Potato											1		1	1	1	1	4
<i>Myrica cerifera</i>	Wax Myrtle												1	1	1	1	1	4
<i>Panicum repens</i>	Torpedo Grass												1	1	1	1	1	4
<i>Serenoa repens</i>	Saw palmetto											1	1	1	1	1		4
<i>Sesbania herbacea</i>	Danglepod Sesban												1	1	1	1	1	4
<i>Symphyotrichum subulatum</i>	Salt Marsh Aster												1	1	1	1	1	4
<i>Alternanthera philoxeroides</i>	Alligator Weed												1		1	1		3
<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>	Australian Pine				C	1					1							3
<i>Leucaena leucocephala</i>	White leadtree						1							1	1			3
<i>Pinus elliotii</i>	Slash Pine											1	1	1				3
<i>Baccharis halimifolia</i>	Eastern False Willow, Saltbush											1	1					2
<i>Bidens alba</i>	White Beggar Ticks												1				1	2
<i>Blutaparon vermiculare</i>	Silverhead, Saltweed		1					1										2
<i>Parthenocissus quinquefolia</i>	Woodbine				1							1						2
<i>Pluchea rosea</i>	Rosy Camphorweed														1	1		2
<i>Sphagneticola (Wedelia) trilobata</i>	Creeping Oxeye						1					1						2
<i>Typha spp.</i>	Cattails														1	1		2
<i>Eustachys glauca</i>	Saltmarsh Fingergrass														1	1		2
<i>Andropogon virginicus var. glaucus</i>	Broom grass																1	1
<i>Coccoloba uvifera</i>	Seagrape							1										1
<i>Cyperus ligularis</i>	Flat Sedge													1				1
<i>Desmodium incanum</i>	Creeping Beggarweed													1				1
<i>Echinochloa walteri</i>	Coast Cockspur Grass (hairy)														1			1
<i>Eupatorium capillifolium</i>	Dog Fennel																1	1
<i>Hydrocotyl umbellata</i>	Manyflower Marshpennywort, Water Pennywort																1	1
<i>Koelreuteria elegans</i>	Golden Rain Tree										1							1
<i>Lantana spp.</i>	Lantana													1				1
<i>Ludwigia peruviana</i>	Peruvian Primrosewillow																1	1
<i>Smilax bona-nox</i>	Saw Greenbrier Cat Briar																1	1
<i>Urena lobata</i>	Caesar's Weed																1	1
<i>Urochloa mutica</i>	Para Grass															1		1
<i>Amaranthus australis</i>	Southern Amaranth															1		1

Habitat Assessment

Collected sonar data was processed through Dr. Depth software to analyze the strength of the return signal from the bottom to get an estimate of the relative bottom hardness for Sweetwater Creek. Figure 20 shows the bottom hardness raster for Sweetwater Creek. This map is meant to help identify locations of harder and softer bottoms for benthic invertebrate sampling, fish sampling and benthic chlorophyll sampling.



Figure 20. Sweetwater Creek Relative Bottom Hardness Map

Bathymetry Mapping

In the study area, Sweetwater Creek had a mean depth of 5.16 feet and a maximum depth of 14.01 feet. A total of 34.72 acres of creek was mapped during the assessment. At the time of assessment, Sweetwater Creek contained an estimated 49,613,510 gallons of water in the study area. Figure 21 and Figure 22 detail the bathymetric mapping for Sweetwater Creek showing the three depth stratum.



Figure 21. Sweetwater Creek Bathymetric Stratum Map (1 of 2)



Figure 22. Sweetwater Creek Bathymetric Stratum Map (2 of 2)